

DAILY NEWS.
PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING.
R. R. COOK, Proprietor.
No. 1, 1st St. Raleigh, N. C.
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THE DAILY NEWS.
RALEIGH, N. C. TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 19, 1872. NO. 15.

LOCAL MATTERS.
E. C. WOODSON, City Editor.

LOCAL BRIEFS.
Regular Convocation of Raleigh Chapter No. 10, of Royal Arch Masons, this evening at 7 o'clock, at Masonic Hall.

The Merchants and Bankers Association, a gift concert, advertised by some of our city and State papers, is pronounced a swindle by a correspondent of the "Sentinel."

We have a "probability" man in town, that beats the Washington "fellows" one day on the weather.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—Euthymia Kastroches, President of the University at Athens, has acknowledged the receipt of two volumes sent said Institution by Gov. Caldwell. The books were sent by the hands of Fisk P. Brewer, U. S. Consul at Piræus, Greece.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—We are pleased to learn that the Public School Committee of Raleigh Township will commence at an early day the repairs of the school houses in this city, with a view of opening the Public Schools.

THE SOUTHERN MAGAZINE.—This is the title of a first class Literary Journal published in Baltimore, Md., by Messrs. Murdoch, Brown and Hill. This is one of the few enterprises of the South since the war, which has won its reputation on its merits alone. Mr. Hill, one of the proprietors of the Magazine, is on a visit to this native county, and would be pleased to introduce his magazine to our citizens. We commend Mr. Hill and his worthy enterprise to the favorable consideration of the reading public.

St. Patrick's Day.—THE CELEBRATION AT THE YARBOROUGH HOUSE.—The celebration of this festival occasion with all Irishmen, postponed from Sunday till last evening, came off according to previous announcement by a grand supper at the Yarbrough House, in which the leading and prominent citizens of the city, together with the Press, participated.

We, as a matter of course, were on hand, and enjoyed the festivities even as much as if we were a native of the Emerald Isle. The crowd in attendance was very large, numbering at least three hundred persons. The supper was in every particular a grand success.—Under the superb management of "maître d'hôtel" Dr. Blackwell, of the Yarbrough House, and his accomplished lady, it was in full keeping with his usual style. But in justice to the Doctor, we will state that the original contract was to feed seventy-five persons for \$50, and yesterday at 12 o'clock he was notified to increase the supper to the capacity feed two hundred, but with his characteristic energy the supper, sufficiently bountiful, was prepared and was much more than was expected for the small compensation the Doctor received for the supper.

The tables were most tastefully and elegantly arranged, evergreen, bouquets, &c., adding no little to the appearance of the long tables, weighted down with every delicacy tempting to the palate.

Owing to the lateness of the hour when the festivities were concluded, we are compelled to postpone the account of the toasts, speeches, and other interesting incidents, until to-morrow's issue.

THE PENITENTIARY IMBROGLIO.—AFFAIRS GROWING WORSE, AND "MORE OF IT."—The subject communication, forwarded to Gov. Caldwell by Moses A. Bledsoe, Esq., President of the Board Directors of the Penitentiary, on Saturday last, was returned to him unanswered and unfiled. We publish the communication that the public may be correctly informed as to the position of the Directors, and that of the Governor. Comment is unnecessary from us.

STATE PENITENTIARY, Raleigh, N. C., March 16, 1872.
His Excellency, Gov. R. D. Caldwell, Governor:

SIR:—As we have received no reply to our communication handed to your Private Secretary, Col. Jno. B. Neathery, by our Steward, D. C. Murray, Esq., on yesterday, and having heard nothing from you since Thursday last in reference to the funds appropriated by the General Assembly for the support of this institution, and which are indispensably necessary to feed the convicts in the Penitentiary; in behalf of the convicts, and to relieve ourselves from all semblance of responsibility for the consequences, which must necessarily result from your persistent refusal to allow the funds of the State to be applied as the law directs, we now inform you that, the rations on hand are nearly exhausted. On Monday morning next we shall be compelled to put the convicts on half rations, and shall then suspend all work in the Penitentiary. If you will not feed these poor unfortunate and helpless convicts, we cannot and will not compel them to work, while suffering from hunger and sickness, because you cruelly withhold from them the supplies which the General Assembly have provided for their support.

Gov. Sir, the issue is with you. Will you furnish us the funds and let us feed them? Will you convene the Legislature, and let them settle this matter? Will you pardon out the convicts? Or are you determined they shall die by starvation? Please let us have your decision in this matter. We await your decision, determined to do our duty to both the convicts and the State.

I have the honor to be
Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
M. A. BLEDSOE,
Pres't Board Directors.

But if it should turn out that the

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STATE CONVENTION.

The State Convention of the Democratic-Conservative Party of North Carolina will meet at Greensboro on Wednesday, the first day of May next.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Conservative and Democratic citizens of Wake County will hold a Convention at the Court House in this city, on Saturday, April 13th, 1872, for the purpose of selecting delegates to represent the county in the approaching State Convention, at Greensboro, and to form a more perfect organization for the coming campaign. Chairmen of township committees are requested to hold primary meetings in their respective townships and select delegates to attend this (county) Convention.

G. H. SNOW,
Ch'n County Executive Committee.

FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

There will be a meeting of the Conservative Executive Committee in Greensboro, on Wednesday, the 1st day of May next.

The County Executive Committees of the several counties comprising the District are invited to be present at the meeting.

Each County Committee is expected to be represented as important matters are to be considered.

J. T. MOREHEAD, Chm'n.
Dist. Ex. Com. 5th Cong. Dist.

IF EPHRAIM BE JOINED TO HIS IDOLS, LET HIM ALONE.

In order to ascertain if my impression was correct, that the Statesville American was about to depart from its political faith, we wrote an editorial on the subject of "UNDER WHICH KING, BENZONIAN," asking if it could be true that the American had decided to take the fatal leap into the dark flood of Radicalism. We remembered the former faithful services of that paper to our party. We remembered how ably and efficiently it fought against Radical fraud and Radical oppression. We remembered how bitterly but justly it had denounced the political enemies of North Carolina and how zealously it had espoused the cause of the people against the Radical thieves and swindlers, who have bankrupted the State and blasted its prosperity. We remembered also how indignant the American had become in witnessing the aggressions of Federal power, and the invasion of North Carolina by armed troops to arrest peaceable citizens, in defiance of the Constitution and every principle of civil government. We remembered all these things and more, and wondered why it was that our respected cotemporary and former faithful ally, should now give forth an uncertain sound. Its conduct strikes its former friends dumb with amazement and mortification. They cannot understand why it should be dilly-dallying now, in this great crisis in our political fate. They cannot understand why so great a change has so suddenly "come over the spirit of its dream."

In answering our interrogatories, the American says:

"Our esteemed cotemporary, the Raleigh Daily News, in a late issue, manifests great solicitude to learn the true position of the American with regard to future co-operation with political parties of the country, and bestows a high compliment for our past course in sustaining the party with which the News will continue to act, although we claim no merit for what we honestly believed at that time, was right; nor do we know that our aid was of any special importance, to be appreciated in such complimentary terms by our worthy cotemporary, who seems loth to part company. We can assure him that this is not of our seeking, but has been forced upon us, by the course of the party that the News and American have hitherto sustained, especially by its leaders and office-seekers; and that, in our opinion, public sentiment upon the question, is in advance among the people, whose voice should be obeyed."

The American claims no merit for what it "honestly believed at that time was right." In other words, if we understand the language used, it now believes its former course in opposition to Radicalism was wrong. The italics of the word right was made by the American. Its denunciation of the Radical State Constitution—its denunciation of the Radical Kirk war—its denunciation of the wholesale swindling and corruption of the Radical Legislature of '68-'69, of its bribery, its frauds, its ignorance and its Railroad Rings—its denunciation of the Radical Judges—in a word, its denunciation of anything and everything pertaining to Radical government, both State and National, turns out to be all wrong, although "at that time" the American honestly thought such denunciation was "right."

What has the Radical party recently done that its enemies no longer excite the indignation and criticism of the American? What atonement has that party made for its past offences? Is it not daily adding to the burden of guilt and crime and oppression, beneath which our people are already staggering? Have the recent exposures of fraud in the National government, and

the fresh acts of tyranny and partisan malignity on the part of the Radical Governor of North Carolina had no effect upon the American, to cause it to redouble its blows against the most infamous political organization that ever disgraced the annals of any country? When the honest, able and distinguished Republican leaders of the North are being driven from the support of the Administration on account of its disregard of the plainest Constitutional provisions, its narrow policy of hate towards the South, its Custom House and other frauds, its proscription and tyranny, its corrupt officials and shameless abuses, its incompetency, wickedness and despotism, how can a newspaper published in North Carolina, which has done valiant service against the corruptionists, now very suddenly around, and ally itself with that party, from whose heinous political offences and outrageous crimes every honest man should turn with detestation and loathing!

But if the American has determined on its course; if it has made up its mind fully to take the fatal leap; if it proposes to cut itself aloof from the true and faithful citizens of the State; if it has concluded to haul down its colors and go over to the enemy, it should dilly-dally no longer, but take its stand boldly and independently in the Radical ranks. We say, if it has decided to support the Administrations of President Grant and Governor Caldwell, it should do so at once, and not exhibit the vacillation and hesitancy of its present attitude. If such is its determination, we can only say, "Ephraim is joined to his idols; let him alone." If such is its determination, then all that we can do will have no influence whatever, with our cotemporary. Argument, persuasion, entreaty and supplication will be alike unavailing. It cannot be reclaimed. It is gone—forever!

If, on the other hand, the Editor of the American has not fully decided to fight under the black flag of Radical corruption, we implore him to pause! For his own sake, for the sake of his friends, "who are loth to part company with him," for the sake of his Mother State, who holds out her hands imploringly to him, in her extreme poverty and agony, and beseeches him, in piteous tones, to save her from Radical ruin and shame, we ask, we beseech him, not to join the piratical crew that are banqueting upon the poverty and desolation of the country! Rather let his good right arm be constantly raised against the despoilers of his country's prosperity, peace and happiness.

HARD ON THE SOUTH CAROLINA RADICALS.

"Considering how these rascals have sold themselves to measureless infamy over and over, by stealing their poor State poorer than she ever was before, quadrupling her expenses, doubling her debt, and trebling her taxes, this resolve strikes us as the Chimborazo of imposture and villainy."

The above, from a Republican paper, the New York Tribune, is a comment on the resolution of the Radical State Convention of South Carolina, endorsing the Administration of President Grant, in its wise and successful financial policy in its reduction of the public debt, lessening the public taxes, and preserving full faith with the public creditors.

The South Carolina Radicals, like those of North Carolina, have plunged their State into an enormous debt, ruined her credit, and blighted her good name. The idea of such thieves talking about public faith and a wise financial policy, strikes Mr. Greeley like it does every body else, as being the quintessence of impudence and hypocrisy. The Tribune's withering rebuke is a deep stab to Radical reconstruction.

TRIED BEFORE FOUND OUT.

"But men have to be tried before they can be found out."—Statesville American.

That is true; but after they have been tried and found out to be corrupt, the Radical party still continues to endorse and promote them.

Look at the case of Andrew Jackson Jones. His character was well known throughout the State, at the time he was made President of the Western Road. We call the attention of the American to the investigation into Jones' conduct by the Legislature of 1865-'66, in regard to a little cotton speculation which is of record, by which North Carolina was bled to the tune of several hundred dollars. The American will recollect what indignation Jones' appointment to the Presidency of the Western Road provoked from the Conservative press because of his notorious character; and the Old North State, then edited by Col. Hanes, of the Raleigh Era, rebuked the appointment in strong terms. Against the protest of the Conservative press, Jones was placed by the Radicals, in a responsible fiduciary position, and the sequel has been as was predicted it would be.

OPINION OF COUNSEL.

We publish in our local columns today the opinion of Hon. A. S. Merrimon, Hon. D. G. Fowle, and Busbee & Busbee, Esqs., on the subject of the rights and duties of the North Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind.

The conduct of the Trustees appointed by the Legislature has been in strict accordance with the law, while that of the Governor has been arbitrary, partisan, and in reckless disregard of the Constitution.

HAVE WE AN ATTORNEY GENERAL?

The Constitution of North Carolina declares that the Attorney General shall be ex officio the legal adviser of the Executive Department. It is the duty of the Governor, whenever, in the administration of his office, any doubtful legal question arises and needs solution, to call to his assistance his Constitutional adviser, and to submit such question to his consideration. He is supposed to be a man learned in the law, and his opinion upon matters submitted to him, should always constitute the rule by which the Governor should guide his action.

Recently, the Governor, interpreting the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of Clark vs. Stanly to suit his own ideas of Radical necessities, and professing to discover therein an extensive grant of Executive power, has seen fit to declare the various Boards in charge of the Asylums and the Penitentiary invalid and unlawful—and this wonderful judicial luminary, revolving in the orbit of the gubernatorial Chair, has appointed certain "Commissioners" to take charge of these State Institutions and administer their affairs. The auditor of the State, at the instance of the Governor, has audited the requisition of these "Commissioners" of the Governor for large sums of money, and the Treasurer has paid the same, notwithstanding they are not in possession of the Institutions and exercise no control over them.

The regular Boards appointed and acting under an Act of Assembly, which have been in possession for more than twelve months, are unable to obtain a cent of the appropriations made by law for the support of the Institutions committed to their charge, owing to this high-handed and outrageous usurpation of the Governor.

This is a serious matter, affecting the interests of the people of the whole State, and a matter in which the Governor should have acted considerably advisedly, and not without the sanction of the Attorney General, his legal adviser. The present Attorney General is a gentleman of unblemished reputation, of high rank in the legal profession, of large judicial experience. He is always ready to perform his constitutional obligations and to advise and counsel his Excellency. But our Governor, our semi-gubernatorial Judge, ignores entirely the existence of the Attorney General, disdains and spurns that provision of the Constitution which creates the office and defines its duties. He determines the extent of the decision of the Supreme Court and the scope of the law, by his own sapient wisdom and the lore of his Private Secretary. He not only does this, but we are informed he runs counter to the advice of a Republican lawyer of high professional standing.

We call attention to this matter, to show how our Governor has assumed judicial functions—how in the face of the Constitution, he treats the Attorney General of North Carolina with studied insults, and despite the provisions of that instrument, does not submit grave questions of law for his opinion, but decides for himself and then descends to a bold attempt to force his own decision upon the country. He says in effect, "I am a Judge and an Attorney General, and a Court, as well as a Governor—I need no adviser. I have the power and I will construe laws for myself, and execute my own construction." A beautiful exemplification of gubernatorial propriety!—a wonderful exhibition of Executive ability and dignity!

NOT SO MUCH DISGUSTED AFTER ALL.

On yesterday, we wrote an editorial on the resignation of Longstreet as Surveyor of Customs at New Orleans, and commented on the reason given by his friends for his course—that reason being because Longstreet could no longer conscientiously support Grant's Administration. We expressed our surprise that his conscience should have become so sensitive all of a sudden, as we could not understand why Longstreet should be making a wry face now, after having swallowed Radicalism with so much gusto for several years.

It is now asserted that Longstreet assures Grant that his resignation was not based on any opposition to the Administration of the President, but that he should still continue to support Radicalism. Well, that is all right. As we have no faith in Longstreet's fidelity to any party, we should not consider his desertion of the Radicals any accession to our ranks, but, rather, a dead weight. Longstreet in joining the Radical party has found his level. In the mire of Radicalism let him continue to wallow.

We repeat, the man who is untrue to his country in the hour of her humiliation and distress, will never be true to any party, or in any position.

AGAINST GRANT.

Of all the German Radical papers in the country, numbering more than one hundred and thirty, only six are still for Grant and his administration. We make this statement upon the authority of the Washington Patriot.

If these papers are true indications of the German sentiment, it will be well nigh unanimous against the Gift Grant for President. The loss of the Germans will be a fatal and overwhelming blow to Radicalism.

DeCastro opens in Norfolk to-morrow night.

"AN OLD WHIG."

Referring to the insidious attempts made by a correspondent of the Statesville American, who signs himself "An Old Whig," to convince the former Whigs of Ireland that their natural position is now in the ranks of the Republican party, the Salisbury Watchman says:

We shall be most grossly deceived if this puerile attempt to shake the faith of the Conservatives of Ireland shall meet with any success worth naming. We know of no people in the State who more habitually display the love of honor, honesty and steadfastness in right principles, than those of Ireland county. It is not possible that they are ignorant of the foully dishonorable, dishonest and vilely corrupt party headed by Gen. Grant. It is not possible that they are ignorant of the stupendous robberies they have perpetrated in every Southern State, and in every department of Government, state and national. And with these facts before them, we cannot see how such a community as that of Ireland can be persuaded to accept and sustain such a party. It is simply impossible.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUST RECEIVED!
Family Flour, Rice, Hominy,
Herrings, Salt, Bacon, Lard,
Coconuts, Candy, Raisins, Pickles,
Oranges, Lemons, &c., at
mar19-6t. S. D. HARRISON'S.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

The firm heretofore existing between Andrew J. King and D. M. Young, under the name and style of A. J. King & Co., is dissolved by mutual consent. Persons holding claims against the firm will present them to either of the partners for settlement. All persons indebted to the firm are requested to come forward and settle immediately.

A. J. KING,
D. M. YOUNG.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

OF THE

CONDITION

OF THE

PHENIX INSURANCE CO.,

Of Brooklyn, N. Y.

January 1st, 1872.

Capital, \$1,000,000 00

Gross Surplus, \$308,569 97

Less Liabilities, 107,829 50 700,750 47

Net Assets, \$1,700,870 47

ASSETS:

Cash on hand and in Bank, \$ 78,763 41

Cash in course of transmission, \$32,271 71

Loans of bond and mortgage at 7c, \$43,446 00

Call loans on U S Bonds, &c., at 7c, 94,671 88

Bills received for Marine and

Inland Premiums, 147,107 43

United States, State and County

Bonds, Market values, 766,782 53

Debts for Premiums, Fire and

Marine, 85,411 89

Accrued Interest, 15,725 57

Real Estate owned by Company

for officers, 10,000 00

Wrecking Apparatus at Buffalo,

New York, 17,000 00

Claims due Company for Salvage

and Re-Insurance, 72,103 66

Other property, sundry items, 14,103 47

\$1,868,569 97

STEPHEN CROWELL, Pres.

CHAUNCEY BEDELL, V. Pres.

PHILANDER SHAW, Sec'y.

WM. R. CROWELL, Manager.

DOUGLASS BELL,

Agent for North Carolina.

mar19-3m.

\$400 REWARD.

A PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,

Raleigh, Feb. 8, 1872.

WHEREAS, Information has been received at this Department that LUKE JOHNSON, who was convicted at the Fall Term, 1871, of the murder of JERRY TAYLOR, and sentenced to the State Prison for life, broke the jail of said county on Wednesday night, Nov. 1st, 1871, and is still at large, and has been seen in the State of North Carolina, and is still at large, and is not to be excused upon any plea.

Therefore, I, T. R. CALDWELL, Governor of North Carolina, by virtue of authority vested by law, do hereby issue this proclamation, offering a reward of FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension and delivery of the said LUKE JOHNSON, and to the Sheriff of Nash county, and I do also enjoin all officers of the State and good citizens to assist in bringing said criminal to justice.

Done at the city of Raleigh, this 8th day of February, A. D. 1872, and the 96th year of our Independence.

TOD R. CALDWELL,

Governor.

J. B. NEATHERY,

Private Secretary.

DESCRIPTION:

Luke Johnson is about 31 years of age, of a color between brown and black, has a head, small head and ears, high forehead, black hair, and a high nose. He was raised in a man named Johnson, at or near Fredericksburg, Va., where he has a wife now living.

mar19-3w

By the Governor:

J. B. NEATHERY,

Private Secretary.

DESCRIPTION:

People of North Carolina visiting Petersburg, Va., are respectfully invited to give their names to the various styles of Photographs.

Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Prices for Photographs from 25 cents up to \$1.00. The place, No. 13 Sycamore St., opposite Bollingbrook, mhl-1w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHERIFF'S SALE FOR TAXES.

WAKE COUNTY.

On Monday, the 8th day of April, 1872, at the Court House door in the City of Raleigh, will sell to the highest bidder for cash the property listed by the following named persons, for the taxes due thereon for the years 1870 and 1871:

BUCKHORN TOWNSHIP.

No. of acres. Tax.

Z T Arent, 100 \$2 89

J G Allison, 36 68

Young Booker, 2 61

N A Dickson, 1 11

Squire Holt, 61 31

W S Mann, 1 31

CEDAR FORK TOWNSHIP.

Heirs of D Brassfield, 50 60

HOUSE OF THE CREEK TOWNSHIP.

R P Finch, 153 83

John Johnson, 43 83

Littleton Vaughn, 49 3 69

John Warren, 42 3 01

John Warren, 42 3 01

MARK'S CREEK TOWNSHIP.

W H High, Administrator, 200 6 29

John Whitely, 80 1 40

N J Whitley, 80 1 40

Richard Terrell, 210 4 29

MIDDLE CREEK TOWNSHIP.

Allen Rowland, 10 2 41

James Suggs, 27 2 42

John Thomas, 11 7 2 39

Giles Ray, 7 2 39

OAK GROVE TOWNSHIP.

T S Smith, 216 2 42

ST. MATTHEW'S TOWNSHIP.

Ellen Etheridge, 27 38 67

Nouse Manufacturing Co., 57 35 47

Mrs L J and W L Saunders, 57 35 47

SWIFT CREEK TOWNSHIP.

Thos R Adams, 25 4 25

William Chavis, 14 2 46

Quintan Adams, 112 2 46

J M Jones, 210 2 46

William Medlin, 50 2 73

George T Cook, 642 2 73

WAKE FOREST TOWNSHIP.

Walter Dehnam, 295 12 30

E A Hill, 10 12 30

Thomas Yeargin, 40 3 55

RALEIGH TOWNSHIP.

John Asho, 124 2 74

John Andrews, 35 2 74

E V Byrd, 100 2 74

W G Brown, 28 2 74

J G Bryan, 4 4 60

J G Burrell, 100 2 74

Quent Busbee, 100 2 74

Daniel Cline, 3 acres 9 63

O D Edwards, 100 2 74

Paula Cowper, 100 2 74

L B Evans, 100 2 74

E J Edwards, 100 2 74

T R Fentress, 100 2 74

John Flagg, 100 2 74

John Flagg, 100 2 74

Lewis Ford, 100 2 74

Peter Ford, 100 2 74

W J Gant, 100 2 74

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

D. TURNER

DENTIST.

Office on Fayetteville Street.

Over Williams Book Store.

mh1-3m.

WALTER CLARK, J. M. MULLEN.

CLARK & MULLEN,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

HALIFAX, N. C.

1979

1940

11

OFFICE OF THE
SHERIFF

W. E. Stronach & Co. Inc.

mh1536 Deputy



